

134.500 Interest on certificates of delinquency -- Collection of amount due on certificate of delinquency and delinquent personal property tax bills -- Technical resources from cabinet.

- (1)
 - (a) Certificates of delinquency shall bear interest at twelve percent (12%) per annum simple interest from the date the certificate of delinquency is issued. A fraction of a month is counted as an entire month. The five dollar (\$5) sheriff's fee, the advertising costs provided in KRS 134.420, the clerk's add-on fee provided in KRS 134.480, and the county attorney's add-on fee provided in this section shall be included in the interest calculation in counties containing cities of the first class or consolidated local government and shall be excluded in other counties, except upon adoption of an ordinance by a county to include in the interest calculation the fees provided for in KRS 134.420, the clerk's add-on fee provided in KRS 134.480, and the county attorney's add-on fee provided in this section. All tax bills on omitted property that were not turned over to the sheriff in time to be collected or to make the sale provided for in KRS 134.430 and 134.440 shall also be submitted to the fiscal court but shall be carried over as a charge against the sheriff at the time he or she makes the next regular settlement.
 - (b) A certificate of delinquency shall bear interest at twelve percent (12%) per annum simple interest from the date the certificate of delinquency is issued. A fraction of a month is counted as an entire month. The total amount of the certificate of delinquency, the clerk's add-on fee provided in KRS 134.480, and the county attorney's add-on fee provided in this section shall be included in the base for the interest calculation. All tax bills on omitted property that were not turned over to the sheriff in time to be collected or to make the sale provided for in KRS 134.430 and 134.440 shall also be submitted to the fiscal court but shall be carried over as a charge against the sheriff at the time he makes his next regular settlement.
 - (2) The cabinet shall be responsible for the collection of certificates of delinquency and delinquent personal property tax bills; however, the cabinet shall first offer the collection duties to the county attorney, unless the cabinet determines that the county attorney has previously failed to perform collection duties in a reasonable and acceptable manner. Any county attorney desiring to perform the duties associated with the collection of delinquent tax claims shall enter into a contract with the cabinet on an annual basis. The terms of the contract shall specify the duties to be undertaken by the county attorney. These duties shall include but are not limited to the following actions:
 - (a) Within fifty (50) days after the issuance of a certificate of delinquency to the state, county, and taxing district, the county attorney or the Revenue Cabinet shall cause a notice of the purchase to be mailed by regular mail to the property owner at the address on the records of the property valuation administrator. The notice shall advise the owner that the certificate is a lien of record against all property of the owner, and bears interest at the rate of

twelve percent (12%) per annum, and if not paid will be subject to collection by the county attorney as provided by law.

- (b) The county attorney shall file in the office of the county clerk a list of the names and addresses to which the notice was mailed along with a certificate that the notice was mailed in accordance with the requirements of this section.
 - (c) All notices returned as undeliverable shall be submitted to the property valuation administrator. The property valuation administrator shall attempt to correct inadequate or erroneous addresses and, if property has been transferred, shall determine the new owner and the current mailing address. The property valuation administrator shall return the notices with the corrected information to the county attorney prior to the expiration of the one (1) year tolling period provided in KRS 134.470.
 - (d) Within ninety (90) days after the expiration of the one (1) year tolling period provided in KRS 134.470, the county attorney shall cause a notice of his intention to enforce the lien to be mailed to all owners whose tax bills remain delinquent. No second notice shall be required for addresses previously determined to be undeliverable and for which the property valuation administrator has not provided corrected information.
 - (e) Failure to mail the notices shall not affect the validity of the claim of the state, county, and taxing district. The postal cost of mailing the notices shall be added to the certificate of delinquency and, upon collection, the county attorney shall be reimbursed for the postage. The county attorney shall deliver at the same time a list of the owners whose tax bills remain delinquent to the property valuation administrator. The property valuation administrator shall review this list in accordance with the provisions of KRS 132.220 to establish that the properties on the list can be identified and physically located.
- (3) The county attorney who enters into a contract with the cabinet shall have a period of two (2) years after the expiration of the one (1) year tolling period provided in KRS 134.470 to collect delinquent tax bills or to initiate court action for their collection. At the expiration of the two (2) years the cabinet may assume responsibility for all uncollected bills except those with pending court action.
 - (4) The county attorney who enters into a contract with the cabinet and performs his or her duties in respect to the certificate of delinquency and delinquent personal property tax bills shall be entitled to twenty percent (20%) of the amount due each taxing unit, whether the tax claim is voluntarily paid or is paid through sale or under court order, and the fee shall be paid to him by the county clerk when making distribution, as provided in KRS 134.480. This fee shall be added to the amount of the tax claims and paid by the persons paying the tax claims. They shall not be paid by the taxing districts or deducted from the taxes due the taxing districts. This fee shall be waived if the certificate of delinquency is paid by the taxpayer only within five (5) days of the sheriff's sale. If more than one (1) county attorney renders necessary services in an effort to collect a tax claim, the attorney serving the last notice or rendering the last substantial service preceding collection shall be entitled to the fee. When the county attorney's office, in an effort to collect a certificate of

delinquency, or delinquent personal property tax bills files a court action which is litigated by the taxpayer, an additional county's attorney fee equal to thirteen percent (13%) of the total tax plus ten percent (10%) penalty, may be added to the certificate or the bill and shall become part of the tax claim.

- (5) If a county attorney chooses not to contract for these collection duties or if a county attorney fails to perform the duties required by the contract, the cabinet shall assume responsibility for the collection process. In the performance of those duties, the cabinet shall have all the powers, rights, duties, and authority with respect to the collection, refund, and administration of the amount due on the certificate of delinquency conferred generally upon the cabinet by Kentucky Revised Statutes including, but not limited to, KRS Chapters 131, 134, and 135. The twenty percent (20%) fee that would have otherwise been paid to the county attorney shall be paid to the cabinet for deposit in the delinquent tax fund provided for under KRS 134.400.
- (6) Any action on behalf of the state, county, and taxing districts authorized by this section or by KRS 134.470, 134.490, or 134.540 shall be filed on relation of the secretary, and the petition may be sent to the cabinet, which may require revision in instances where it deems revision or amendment necessary. The cabinet shall advise the county attorney in all actions, and may send him or her special assistance when the secretary deems assistance necessary. A copy of the judgment shall also be sent to the cabinet. If the cabinet sends assistance to a county attorney who contracts to prosecute the suits or proceedings, the county attorney shall be entitled to his or her full fee. On the same day that suit is filed, the county clerk shall be given notice of its filing. Costs incident to the suit shall become a part of the tax claim.
- (7) The cabinet may make its delinquent tax collection databases and other technical resources, including but not limited to income tax refund offsetting, available to the county attorney upon request from the county attorney. The county attorney seeking assistance shall enter into any agreements required by the cabinet to protect taxpayer confidentiality, to ensure database integrity, or to address other concerns of the cabinet.
- (8) The county attorney may, at any time after assuming collection duties, enter into an agreement with the delinquent taxpayer to accept installment payments on the delinquent tax bill. The agreement shall not waive the county attorney's right to initiate court action or other authorized collection activities if the taxpayer does not make payments in accordance with the agreement.

Effective: July 13, 2004

History: Amended 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 104, secs. 4 and 6, effective July 13, 2004. -- Amended 2002 Ky. Acts ch. 248, sec. 2, effective April 8, 2002. -- Amended 2000 Ky. Acts ch. 155, sec. 1, effective July 14, 2000; ch. 281, sec. 1, effective July 14, 2000; and ch. 357, sec. 5, effective July 14, 2000. -- Amended 1998 Ky. Acts ch. 209, sec. 16, effective March 30, 1998. -- Amended 1994 Ky. Acts ch. 73, sec. 1, effective July 15, 1994. -- Amended 1992 Ky. Acts ch. 81, sec. 1, effective July 14, 1992. -- Amended 1990 Ky. Acts ch. 27, sec. 12, effective July 13, 1990; and ch. 183, sec. 6, effective July 13, 1990. -- Amended 1986 Ky. Acts ch. 329, sec. 1, effective July 15, 1986. -- Amended 1978 Ky. Acts ch. 400, sec. 4, effective June 17, 1978. -- Amended 1976 (1st Extra. Sess.) Ky. Acts ch. 17, sec. 39,

effective January 1, 1978. -- Recodified 1942 Ky. Acts ch. 208, sec. 1, effective October 1, 1942, from Ky. Stat. sec. 4149b-8.

Legislative Research Commission Note (7/13/2004). This statute was amended in 2004 Ky. Acts ch. 104, secs. 4 and 6. Changes made to subsection (1) of this statute are in conflict and cannot be codified together. Because these conflicting amendments were passed within the same act, the provisions of KRS 446.250 setting out the rules of codification for conflicting amendments do not apply. The Reviser of Statutes has set forth both provisions in their entirety, in paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection (1).